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PURDUE UNIVERSITY

inter office memorandum

To Distribution
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Subject Compatibility Programs for LARSYS and EOD-LARSYS

The attached document describes a set of Fortran programs which were developed for SR&T Task 2A, Landsat Crop Inventory.

The purpose of these programs is to permit the use of certain aspects of LARSYS and EOD-LARSYS in the same analysis procedure. Statistics decks and results files from each system can be converted to files compatible with the other system.

Two examples of usage are as follows. Statistics developed in EOD-LARSYS could be used by another classifier, such as ECHO or minimum distance. Results files from a LARSYS classification could be converted to EOD-LARSYS format so that a stratified area estimate could be made.

The programs reside on a disk on LARS' IBM 370/148 which may be accessed by any system user.

MMH/CJ:ja

Attachments

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PURDUE-LARSSYS ↔ EOD-LARSSYS
CONVERSION PROGRAMS

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May 1979

This memo documents a set of four FORTRAN programs to allow communication between PURDUE-LARSSYS and EOD-LARSSYS data analysis systems, by converting a statistics deck (statdeck) or a results file produced by one system into a format which can be read and used by the other.

LARSJSCS - converts PURDUE-LARSSYS statistics deck to EOD-LARSSYS format

JSCLARSS - converts EOD-LARSSYS statistics deck to PURDUE-LARSSYS format

LARSJSCR - converts PURDUE-LARSSYS results file to EOD-LARSSYS format

JSCLARSR - converts EOD-LARSSYS results file to PURDUE-LARSSYS format

I. Statistics Deck Conversion Programs

1. Descriptions of Statistics Decks

See LARSSYS SYSTEM MANUAL, pp. 5-7 to 5-12, for a description of a PURDUE-LARSSYS statistics deck [1].

See EOD-LARSSYS USER DOCUMENTATION, Vol. I, pp. 3-8 to 3-14, for a description of the variables in an EOD-LARSSYS statdeck [2]. The EOD-LARSSYS USER GUIDE for the IBM 370/148 Vol. II-USER'S REFERENCE MANUAL [3] repeats the same description in section 3.1.4.1. The structure of the EOD-LARSSYS statistics deck has changed since the documentation was written. The current structure is given below. It is now written as binary variable-length spanned records of length 320. Some "card types" have been combined, and the order of some variables has changed. In particular, the covariance matrix for a subclass is written before the means. The format used for EOD-LARSSYS statdecks by the conversion programs was decided upon by examining hex printouts of some sample EOD-LARSSYS statdecks.

1.1 Structure of an EOD-LARSSYS Statdeck

Variable-length spanned records (RECFM VS BLOCK 320)
Unformatted (binary) I/O.

All variables have length 4 bytes (one full word).

Variables marked '*' were given dummy values during PURDUE-LARSSYS to EOD-LARSSYS conversion. Values of all other variables were derived from information in the PURDUE-LARSSYS statdeck.

Record 1

<u>No. of Words</u>	<u>Variable Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
1	Integer	NCLAS Number of training subclasses from STAT or ISOCLS
1	Integer	NCLUS Number of training subclasses from STAT (clusters from ISOCLS)
1	Integer	NCHAN Number of channels used in computation of statistics
* 1	Integer	NTRFLD Number of training fields input to STAT or ISOCLS (dummy value=1)
* 1	Integer	NVERT Number of vertices in all the training fields (dummy value=5)
NCHAN	Integer	CHAN Vector (length NCHAN) of channels used in computation of statistics

Record 2 Note: each of the EOD-LARSH statdecks that we examined had only one "training field." Therefore, we do not know the file structure when there is more than one training field.

<u>No. of Words</u>	<u>Variable Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
* 1	Alpha	Name of the training field (dummy value = 'AREA')
* 1	Integer	Number of the class associated with this field (dummy value =1)
* 1	Integer	Number of the subclass associated with this field input to STAT (ISOCLS dummies this information by setting it equal to zero)
* 1	Integer	Number of vertices for this field, including closure point (dummy value =5)

Record 3 Vertices for the training field: Up to 10 vertices plus the closure point are allowable for each training field. The coordinates are listed in a clockwise manner, with the coordinate having the smallest sample (i.e., column) number listed first.

<u>No. of Words</u>	<u>Variable Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
* 1	Integer	Sample number of first vertex
* 1	Integer	Line number of first vertex
. . .		
* 1	Integer	Sample number of closure point
* 1	Integer	Line number of closure point

Record 4

<u>No. of Words</u>	<u>Variable Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
NCLAS	Alpha	Four-character name for each class
NCLAS	Integer	Number of clusters (or subclasses) in each of the training classes
NCLUS	Alpha	Four-character name for each cluster or subclass

Record 5. One record for each cluster or subclass.

<u>No. of Words</u>	<u>Variable Type</u>	<u>Definition</u>
1	Integer	Number of points in the cluster
<u>NCHAN(NCHAN+1)</u>	Real	Covariance matrix for the cluster, symmetric storage mode
2		
NCHAN	Real	Mean for each channel for this cluster

2. Conversion of PURDUE-LARSSYS statdeck to EOD-LARSSYS statdeck

Program name: LARSJSCS FORTRAN
LARSJSCS EXEC

The EXEC routine calls the compiled FORTRAN program to read a LARSSYS statdeck from the user's A disk, determine the EOD class-subclass structure based on the PURDUE-LARSSYS class names, and write an EOD-LARSSYS format statdeck on the user's A disk. (To read or write on another disk, change the file definitions in the EXEC.) The program can read either a binary or character format PURDUE-LARSSYS deck, and handles a maximum of 30 channels and 60 LARSSYS classes.

To execute the program the following sequence of commands should be followed:

```
> I CMS370
> GETDISK JSCKDISK 29A 29A E PASS JLK
> LARSJSCS fn ft
      input          output
      PURDUE-LARSSYS   EOD-LARSSYS
      Statdeck        Statdeck
```

Note: LARSJSCS was compiled by the FORTRAN H Extended compiler and therefore cannot be executed in CMS360. The program could be recompiled by the user for CMS360, if desired.

Input Files:

Unit 1 (Disk) PURDUE-LARSSYS statdeck (character or binary format)

Output Files:

Unit 20 (Disk) EOD-LARSSYS statdeck (unformatted I/O)

Unit 16 (Terminal) error messages

The program writes the dummy value 'AREA' for the EOD-LARSSYS field name and dummy values for the number of training fields, number of vertices, and vertex coordinates.

PURDUE-LARSSYS classes correspond to EOD-LARSSYS subclasses. EOD-LARSSYS classes are similar to LARSSYS pools. The program constructs EOD-LARSSYS classes by grouping LARSSYS classes according to the first two characters of the LARSSYS class name. The EOD-LARSSYS class name will consist of these two characters; the EOD-LARSSYS subclass name will consist of the first four characters of the LARSSYS class name.

Example: given a LARSSYS statdeck with classes

CO01
SY01
CO02
CO03
EL01
SY02,

we would get an EOD-LARSSYS statdeck with

<u>EOD-LARSSYS CLASSES</u>	<u>SUBCLASSES</u>
CO	CO01 CO02 CO03
SY	SY01 SY02
EL	EL01

If existing PURDUE-LARSSYS class names are not in this format, use the PURDUE-LARSSYS processor MERGESTATISTICS to rename LARSSYS classes before using this conversion program.

3. Conversion of EOD-LARSYS statdeck to PURDUE-LARSYS statdeck

Program name: JSCLARSS FORTRAN
JSCLARSS EXEC

The EXEC routine calls the compiled FORTRAN program to read an EOD-LARSYS statistics deck from the user's A disk, convert it to PURDUE-LARSYS format, and write the resulting statistics deck on the user's A disk, with the same filename as the EOD-LARSYS statdeck and filetype "SAVED". The program can handle a maximum of 30 channels and 60 subclasses.

PURDUE-LARSYS needs information on channel wavelengths which is not available from the EOD-LARSYS statdeck. There is a set of default wavelengths-seven cycles of the four Landsat bands; i.e., channels 1,5,9 . . . are .5-.6 μm , channels 2,6,10 . . . are .6-.7 μm , channels 3,7,11 . . . are .7-.8 μm , and channels 4,8,12 . . . are .8-1.1 μm . If the EOD-LARSYS statdeck has used a sample of Landsat MSS bands (e.g., contains only bands 2 and 4 from a number of dates) or was derived from non-Landsat data, then a special file should be prepared on the user's A disk giving low and high ends of the channels actually in the statdeck. The name and type of file will be input as parameters in execution.

If the default set of wavelength bands is used, the resulting statistics deck will be in binary format. If a character format deck is desired, then the wavelength band file must be user input with character format specified.

To execute the program, type

```
> I CMS370
> GETDISK JSCDISK 29A 29A E PASS JLK
> JSCLARSS fn ft run-number fn ft
      input EOD Statdeck          Optional input
                                         wavelengths
```

Note: JSCLARSS was compiled by the FORTRAN H Extended compiler and therefore cannot be executed in CMS360. However, the user could recompile the Fortran program in CMS360 if desired.

Input Files:

Unit 20 (Disk) EOD-LARSYS statdeck
Unit 5 (Disk) Optional - wavelength file

Line 1. Col 1-5, low end of wavelength for first channel
Col 6-10, high end of wavelength for first channel
Col 12-15, write 'CHAR' if you want PURDUE-LARSYS statistics in character format. Otherwise, leave blank.

Line 2. Col 1-5, low end of wavelength for second channel
Col 6-10, high end of wavelength for second channel

Line 3,4 . . . wavelengths for 3rd, 4th, . . . channels

Unit 15 (Terminal) reads LARS run number from EXEC parameter

Output Files:

Unit 2 (Disk) PURDUE-LARSSYS statdeck
Unit 16 (Terminal) error messages

II. Results File Conversion Programs

1. Conversion of PURDUE-LARSSYS results file to EOD-LARSSYS results file

Program Name: LARSJSCR FORTRAN
 LARSJSCR EXEC

The EXEC routine calls the compiled FORTRAN program to read a PURDUE-LARSSYS results file from tape, convert it to EOD-LARSSYS format, and write an EOD-LARSSYS format results file on a temporary disk. It then backs up the temporary disk to tape. For details about the conversion, see the documentation for program LARSJSCS (statistics deck conversion).

To execute the program:

```
> I CMS370
> GETDISK JSCDISK 29A 29A E PASS JLK
> LARSJSCR    tape-no.    file-no.    tape-no.    file-no.
      input:    PURDUE-LARSSYS    output:    EOD-LARSSYS
              results file          results file
```

LARSJSCR was compiled by the FORTRAN H Extended compiler and therefore cannot be executed in CMS360.

It allows up to 16 channels, 60 LARSSYS classes, and 200 points per line in the area classified. To allow more channels, or more points per line, change the dimensions of certain arrays (as specified by comments in the program), and recompile. For details on results file format see:

- (1) LARSSYS System Manual, pages 5-33 to 5-44 [1].
- (2) EOD-LARSSYS User Documentation, Appendix C [2].

Input Files:

Unit 12 (Tape) PURDUE-LARSSYS Results file
Unit 15 (Terminal) reads stacked information provided by the EXEC to
check that the correct tape was mounted.

Output Files:

Unit 2 (Temp Disk) EOD-LARSSYS Results File
Unit 16 (Terminal) error messages

The program writes dummy values for

- (1) date of classification
- (2) training field information
- (3) Cholesky factorization of covariance matrices
- (4) likelihood that the classified data point belongs to the assigned EOD-LARSSYS subclass.

Note that "Thresholding" is not possible with the EOD-LARSSYS results file due to the dummy values for likelihood.

2. Conversion of EOD-LARSSYS results file to PURDUE-LARSSYS results file

Program name: JSCLARS FORTAN
JSCLARS EXEC

The EXEC routine calls the compiled FORTAN program to read an EOD-LARSSYS results file from a D disk, convert it to PURDUE-LARSSYS format, and write a PURDUE-LARSSYS results file onto tape.

PURDUE-LARSSYS needs information on channel wavelengths which is not available from the EOD-LARSSYS results file. There is a set of default wavelengths or the user may prepare a special file on his A disk. See documentation on JSCLARSS, statdeck conversion, for further detail.

A normal PURDUE-LARSSYS results file contains a copy of the header record from the LARSSYS data tape. The conversion program provides dummy values for most of the variables in this header, since the EOD-LARSSYS results file does not contain this information. A LARSSYS run-number is a required input parameter. If a real run-number doesn't exist (i.e., if there is no LARSSYS format data tape), then use any convenient eight-digit number (e.g., 12345678) as a dummy run-number. Use the same dummy run-number on any test field description cards that will be used with the results file.

If a LARST format data tape does exist, you may wish to specify its tape and file number for documentation purposes. (This is normally included in the data tape identification record.) This can be done by specifying tape and file numbers as part of the first line of the wavelength file (Unit 5). See below for format details. The wavelength file should include only the channels used in classification (often a subset of the channels in the original data, especially in the case of a multitemporal data set).

To execute the program:

```
> I CMS370
```

```
>GETDISK JSCDISK 29A 29A E PASS JLK
```

```
>JSCLARS R      filename      tape-no    file-no, run-number      fn ft  
              input: EOD-LARST      output:  
              results file      PURDUE-LARST  
                                    results file      optional  
                                    input  
                                    wavelengths
```

JSCLARS R was compiled by the FORTRAN H Extended Compiler and therefore cannot be executed in CMS360.

The program allows up to 16 channels, 60 LARST classes, and 200 points per line in the area classified. To allow more channels, or more points per line, change the dimensions of certain arrays (as specified by comments in the program) and recompile. For details on results file format see:

- (1) LARST System Manual, pages 5-33 to 5-44 [1].
- (2) EOD-LARST User Documentation, Appendix C [2].

Input Files:

Unit 2 (TempDisk) EOD-LARST Results File
Unit 5 (Disk) optional - wavelength file

Line 1. Col 1-5, low end of wavelength for first channel
Col 6-10, high end of wavelength for first channel
Col 11-15, blank
Col 16-19 } tape and file number of LARST data
Col 20-22 } file (right justified in field)

Line 2, 3, . . . wavelengths for 2nd, 3rd, . . . channels in the same format

Unit 15 (Terminal) reads LARST run-number from EXEC parameter

Output Files:

Unit 12 (Tape) PURDUE-LARST results file
Unit 16 (Terminal) error messages

III. References

1. Hunt, Kay, ed. 1974. LARSYS System Manual. Laboratory for Applications of Remote Sensing, Purdue University, West Lafayette, Indiana, second edition.
2. Minter, R.T., B.E. Wills, and C.T. Gardner. 1977. User Documentation, EOD-LARSYS. NASA Johnson Space Center, Houston, Texas. Fourth Revision. (JSC-12504) (LEC-3984)
3. Stewart, J., and P.J. Aucoin. 1978. EOD-LARSYS User Guide for the IBM 370/148, Vol. II-User's Reference Manual. NASA Johnson Space Center, Houston, Texas. (JSC-13821) (LEC-12564)

APPENDIX.

Program Listings

FILE: LARSJSCS EXEC E1

CONVERSATIONAL MONITOR SYSTEM

```
* LARSJSCS - FORTRAN PROGRAM TO CONVERT PURDUE-LARSSYS STATDECK
* TO EOD-LARSSYS FORMAT.
*
&CONTROL ERROR
&IF &INDEX LT 4 &GOTO -ERROR
GLOBAL TXTLIB FORTMOD2 CMSLIB
FI 1 DISK &1 &2 A
FI 20 DISK &3 &4 A4 (RECFM VS LRECL 320 BLOCK 320
FI 16 TERMINAL
LOAD LARSJSCS (NOMAP
START
&ERROR &EXIT &RETCODE
&REGTYPE
EXECUTION COMPLETE.
&END
&EXIT
-ERROR
&REGTYPE
PLEASE TRY AGAIN. YOU MUST SPECIFY FOUR ARGUMENTS FOR LARSJSCS;
1. FILENAME FOR LARSSYS STATDECK (ASSUMED TO BE ON YOUR A DISK)
2. FILETYPE FOR LARSSYS STATDECK
3. FILENAME FOR EOD STATDECK (WHICH WILL BE PUT ON YOUR A DISK)
4. FILETYPE FOR EOD STATDECK
&END
```

```

C***** LARSJSCS *****
C
C PROGRAM TO CONVERT A PURDUE-LARSSYS STATDECK TO EOD-LARSSYS FORMAT
C SEE LARSSYS SYSTEM MANUAL, 5-7 TO 5-12, FOR A DESCRIPTION OF
C THE FORMAT OF A PURDUE-LARSSYS STATDECK.
C SEE EOD-LARSSYS USER DOCUMENTATION, 3-8 TO 3-13, FOR AN
C OUT-OF-DATE DESCRIPTION OF THE FORMAT OF AN EOD-LARSSYS STATDECK.
C WRITTEN MARCH 1979 BY CAROL JOBUSCH
C
C INPUT FILES
C   UNIT 1. LARSSYS STATDECK (DISK)
C
C OUTPUT FILES
C   UNIT 20. EOD-LARSSYS STATDECK (DISK)
C   UNIT 16. TERMINAL - ERROR MESSAGES
C***** LAR00010
C***** LAR00020
C***** LAR00030
C***** LAR00040
C***** LAR00050
C***** LAR00060
C***** LAR00070
C***** LAR00080
C***** LAR00090
C***** LAR00100
C***** LAR00110
C***** LAR00120
C***** LAR00130
C***** LAR00140
C***** LAR00150
C***** LAR00160
C***** LAR00170
C***** LAR00180
C***** LAR00190
C***** LAR00200
C***** LAR00210
C***** LAR00220
C***** LAR00230
C***** LAR00240
C***** LAR00250
C***** LAR00260
C***** LAR00270
C***** LAR00280
C***** LAR00290
C***** LAR00300
C***** LAR00310
C***** LAR00320
C***** LAR00330
C***** LAR00340
C***** LAR00350
C***** LAR00360
C***** LAR00370
C***** LAR00380
C***** LAR00390
C***** LAR00400
C***** LAR00410
C***** LAR00420
C***** LAR00430
C***** LAR00440
C***** LAR00450
C***** LAR00460
C***** LAR00470
C***** LAR00480
C***** LAR00490
C***** LAR00500
C***** LAR00510
C***** LAR00520
C***** LAR00530
C***** LAR00540
C***** LAR00550
C***** LAR00560
C***** LAR00570
C***** LAR00580
C***** LAR00590
C***** LAR00600
C***** LAR00610
C***** LAR00620
C***** LAR00630
C***** LAR00640
C***** LAR00650
C***** LAR00660
C***** LAR00670
C***** LAR00680
C***** LAR00690
C***** LAR00700
C***** LAR00710
C***** LAR00720
C***** LAR00730
C***** LAR00740
C***** LAR00750
C***** LAR00760
C***** LAR00770
C***** LAR00780
C***** LAR00790
C
C IMPLICIT INTEGER*4 (A-Z)
C REAL*4 AVER(30,60),COVAR(465,60)
C INTEGER*4 SUBNAM(60),CLSNAM(60),SRSBNM(60),NPTS(60),NSUBCL(60),
C *      CHAN(30)
C INTEGER*2 CLNM2(120),SUB2(120),INDX(60),IFLAG(60)
C LOGICAL*1 NAME1(4),CHAR(12)
C EQUIVALENCE (NAME,NAME1(1)),(SUBNAM(1),SUB2(1)),
C * (CLSNAM(1),CLNM2(1)),(CTEST,CHAR(1))
C DATA LARS,CLAS,BLANK,FLDNAM//LARS*'CLAS'*,*'AREA'/
C
C K = 0
C READ(1,100,END=200) NAME,BINFLG
100 FORMAT(A4,T44,I1)
C IF(NAME .NE. LARS) GO TO 210
C
C READ CLASS CARDS
C
C 5 READ(1,110,END=220) ICLAS,CHAR
110 FORMAT(A4,2X,12A1)
C IF(ICLAS .EQ. CLAS) GO TO 8
C IF(CTEST .EQ. CLAS) GO TO 25
C GO TO 5
C 8 NAME = BLANK
C DO 10 I=1,12
C NAME1(I) = CHAR(I)
C IF(NAME .NE. BLANK) GO TO 15
C 10 CONTINUE
C 15 DO 20 J=2,4
C 20 NAME1(J) = CHAR(I-1+J)
C K = K+1
C SUBNAM(K) = NAME
C GO TO 5
C
C READ REST OF LARSSYS STATDECK
C
C 25 BACKSPACE 1
C READ(1,120,END=220) NCLUS,NCHAN
120 FORMAT(15,17X,I5)
C DO 30 I=1,NCHAN
C 30 READ(1,130,END=220) CHAN(I)
C 130 FORMAT(5X,I2)
C NCOV = NCHAN*(NCHAN+1)/2
C DO 35 I = 1, NCLUS, 7
C J = I + 6
C IF (J .GT. NCLUS) J = NCLUS
C READ(1, 140) (NPTS(II), II = I, J)
C 140 FORMAT(8X,7I9)
C 35 CONTINUE
C
C MEAN VECTORS
C
C IF (BINFLG.NE.0) INT = 17
C IF (BINFLG.EQ.0) INT = 5
C DO 40 J=1,NCLUS
C DO 40 II=1,NCHAN,INT
C K = II+INT-1

```

FILE: LARSJSCS FORTRAN E1

CONVERSATIONAL MONITOR SYSTEM

```

IF (K.GT.NCHAN) K = NCHAN
IF (BINFLG.EQ.0) READ(1,150) (AVER(KK,J),KK=II,K)
IF (BINFLG.NE.0) READ(1,160) (AVER(KK,J),KK=II,K)
150 FORMAT(2X,SE14.7)
160 FORMAT(2X,17A4)
40 CONTINUE

C COVARIANCE MATRIX
C
DO 50 J=1,NCLUS
DO 50 II=1,NCOV,INT
K = II+INT-1
IF (K.GT.NCOV) K=NCOV
IF (BINFLG.EQ.0) READ(1,150) (COVAR(KK,J),KK=II,K)
IF (BINFLG.NE.0) READ(1,160) (COVAR(KK,J),KK=II,K)
50 CONTINUE

C DETERMINE CLASS-SUBCLASS STRUCTURE FOR EOD-LARSSYS STATDECK
C BASED ON THE FIRST TWO CHARACTERS OF THE LARSSYS CLASS NAMES
C
DO 60 I=1,NCLUS
IFLAG(I) = 0
60 INDX(I) = 0
NCLAS = 0
K = 0
DO 70 I=1,NCLUS
IF(IFLAG(I).NE.0) GO TO 70
NCLAS = NCLAS + 1
K = K+1
SRSBNM(K) = SUBNAM(I)
CLSNAM(NCLAS) = BLANK
CLNM2(2*NCLAS-1) = SUB2(2*I-1)
NSUHCL(NCLAS) = 1
IFLAG(I) = 1
INDX(K) = I
IF(K.EQ.NCLUS) GO TO 80
IP1 = I+1
DO 65 J=IP1,NCLUS
IF(IFLAG(J).NE.0) GO TO 65
IF(SUB2(2*j-1).NE.CLNM2(2*NCLAS-1)) GO TO 65
K = K+1
NSURCL(NCLAS) = NSUBCL(NCLAS) + 1
SRSBNM(K) = SUBNAM(J)
IFLAG(J) = 1
INDX(K) = J
65 CONTINUE
70 CONTINUE

C WRITE EOD-LARSSYS STATDECK
C
80 NTRFLD = 1
NVERT = 5
V1 = 1
V100 = 100
DUM1 = 1
DUM0 = 0
WRITE(20)NCLAS,NCLUS,NCHAN,NTRFLD,NVERT,(CHAN(I),I=1,NCHAN)
WRITE(20)FLDNAM,DUM1,DUM0,NVERT
WRITE(20)V1,V1,V100,V1,V100,V100,V1,V100,V1,V1,V1,V1
* WRITE(20)(CLSNAM(I),I=1,NCLAS),(NSUBCL(I),I=1,NCLAS),
*(SRSHNM(I),I=1,NCLUS)
DO 90 J=1,NCLUS
K = INDX(J)
90 WRITE(20)NPTS(K),(COVAR(I,K),I=1,NCOV),(AVER(I,K),I=1,NCHAN)
STOP

C ERROR STOPS
C
200 WRITE(16,300)
300 FORMAT('EMPTY FILE, UNIT 1, SHOULD CONTAIN LARSSYS STATDECK')
STOP
210 WRITE(16,310)
310 FORMAT('UNIT 1 SHOULD BE LARSSYS STATDECK')
STOP
220 WRITE(16,320)
320 FORMAT('UNEXPECTED EOF, CHECK LARSSYS STATDECK')
STOP

C END

```

FILE: JSCLARSS EXEC E1

CONVERSATIONAL MONITOR SYSTEM

* JSCLARSS - FORTRAN PROGRAM TO CONVERT EOD-LARSYS STATDECK
* TO PURDUE-LARSYS FORMAT.
*
&CONTROL ERROR
&IF &INDEX LT 3 &GOTO -ERROR
GLOBAL TXTLIB FORTMOD2 CMSLIB
&ERROR &EXIT
FI 2 DISK &1 SAVED A (RECFM F LRECL 80 BLOCK 80
FI 5 DISK WAVE LENGTHS E
FI 15 TERMINAL
FI 20 DISK &1 &2 A4 (RECFM VS LRECL 320 BLOCK 320
FI 16 TERMINAL
&STACK &3
&IF &INDEX = 4 &GOTO -ERROR
&IF &INDEX = 5 FI 5 DISK &4 &5 A
LOAD JSCLARSS (NOMAP
START
&ERROR &EXIT &RETCODE
&BEGTYPE
EXECUTION COMPLETE.
&END
&EXIT
-ERROR
&BEGTYPE
PLEASE TRY AGAIN. YOU MUST SPECIFY THREE ARGUMENTS FOR JSCLARSS;
1. FILENAME FOR EOD-LARSYS STATDECK (ASSUMED TO BE ON YOUR A-DISK)
2. FILETYPE FOR EOD-LARSYS STATDECK
3. PURDUE-LARSYS RUN NUMBER

PURDUE-LARSYS NEEDS INFO ON CHANNEL WAVELENGTHS NOT AVAILABLE FROM
THE EOD-LARSYS STATDECK. THERE IS A DEFAULT SET OF WAVELENGTHS -
SEVEN CYCLES OF THE FOUR LANDSAT BANDS. IF THE EOD-LARSYS STATDECK HAS
SAMPLED CHANNELS, THEN A SPECIAL FILE SHOULD BE PREPARED GIVING
LOW AND HIGH ENDS OF THE BANDS ACTUALLY IN THE STATDECK. THIS
FILE SHOULD BE ON YOUR A-DISK AND ITS FILENAME AND FILETYPE
SPECIFIED AS ARGUMENTS 4 AND 5 FOR JSCLARSS.

THE LARSYS STATDECK WILL BE PUT ON YOUR A-DISK WITH THE SAME
FILENAME AS THE EOD-LARSYS STATDECK AND FILETYPE = SAVED.

&END

FILE: WAVE LENGTHS E1

CONVERSATIONAL MONITOR SYSTEM

0.5 0.6
0.6 0.7
0.7 0.8
0.8 1.1
0.5 0.6
0.6 0.7
0.7 0.8
0.8 1.1
0.5 0.6
0.6 0.7
0.7 0.8
0.8 1.1
0.5 0.6
0.6 0.7
0.7 0.8
0.8 1.1
0.5 0.6
0.6 0.7
0.7 0.8
0.8 1.1
0.5 0.6
0.6 0.7
0.7 0.8
0.8 1.1
0.5 0.6
0.6 0.7
0.7 0.8
0.8 1.1
0.5 0.6
0.6 0.7
0.7 0.8
0.8 1.1
0.5 0.6
0.6 0.7
0.7 0.8
0.8 1.1

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***** JSC00010
C *** JSCLARSS ***
C PROGRAM TO CONVERT AN EOD-LARSYS STATDECK TO STANDARD JSC00020
C PURDUE-LARSYS FORMAT. JSC00030
C WRITTEN JANUARY 1979 BY CAROL JOBUSCH JSC00040
C INPUT FILES JSC00050
C UNIT 20. EOD-LARSYS STATDECK (VARIABLE LENGTH RECORDS) JSC00060
C UNIT 5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION NEEDED FOR PURDUE-LARSYS STATDECK JSC00070
C LINE 1. COLS 1-5, LOW END OF WAVELENGTH FOR FIRST CHANNEL JSC00080
C COLS 6-10, HIGH END OF WAVELENGTH FOR FIRST CHANNEL JSC00090
C COLS 12-15, WRITE 'CHAR' IF YOU WANT PURDUE-LARSYS JSC00100
C STATISTICS IN CHARACTER FORMAT. OTHERWISE, JSC00110
C LEAVE BLANK. JSC00120
C LINE 2. COLS 1-5, LOW END OF WAVELENGTH FOR SECOND CHANNEL JSC00130
C COLS 6-10, HIGH END OF WAVELENGTH FOR SECOND CHANNEL JSC00140
C LINE 3,4,... WAVELENGTHS FOR 3RD, 4TH, ... CHANNELS JSC00150
C UNIT 15. TERMINAL - READS RUN NUMBER FROM EXEC JSC00160
C OUTPUT FILES JSC00170
C UNIT 2. PURDUE-LARSYS STATDECK JSC00180
C UNIT 16. TERMINAL - ERROR MESSAGES JSC00190
C ***** JSC00200
C VARIABLES READ FROM EOD-LARSYS STATDECK JSC00210
C NCLAS NUMBER OF TRAINING CLASSES JSC00220
C NCLUS TOTAL NUMBER OF TRAINING SUBCLASSES (CLUSTERS) JSC00230
C NCHAN NUMBER OF CHANNELS USED JSC00240
C NTRFLD NUMBER OF TRAINING FIELDS JSC00250
C NVERT NUMBER OF VERTICES IN ALL TRAINING FIELDS JSC00260
C CHAN ACTUAL CHANNELS USED JSC00270
C CLSNAM CLASS NAMES JSC00280
C NSUBCL NUMBER OF SUBCLASSES (CLUSTERS) IN EACH CLASS JSC00290
C SUBNAM SUBCLASS (CLUSTER) NAMES JSC00300
C AVER MEAN FOR EACH CHANNEL IN EACH SUBCLASS JSC00310
C COVAR LOWER TRIANGULAR PORTION OF COVARIANCE MATRIX FOR JSC00320
C EACH SUBCLASS JSC00330
C VARIABLES READ FROM UNIT 5 JSC00340
C ICHAR INDICATOR VARIABLE FOR PURDUE-LARSYS FORMAT (CHAR OR BIN) JSC00350
C FRQCAL WAVELENGTH (LOW AND HIGH ENDS) FOR EACH CHANNEL JSC00360
C ***** JSC00370
C
C INTEGER*4 BINFLG,RUNUM,CHAN(30),NPTS(60)
C INTEGER*4 CLSNAM(60),NSUBCL(60),SUBNAM(60)
C REAL*4 FRQCAL(2,30),AVER(30,60),COVAR(465,60)
C DATA NCHAR/'CHAR'/ JSC00380
C
C READ EOD-LARSYS STATDECK JSC00390
C
C READ(20,END=200) NCLAS,NCLUS,NCHAN,NTRFLD,NVERT,
C 1 (CHAN(I),I=1,NCHAN) JSC00400
C DO 10 J=1,NTRFLD JSC00410
C 10 READ(20,1010,END=210) DUMMY1,DUMMY2 JSC00420
C 1010 FORMAT(A4/A4) JSC00430
C READ(20,END=210) (CLSNAM(I),I=1,NCLAS),(NSUBCL(I),I=1,NCLAS),
C 1 (SUBNAM(I),I=1,NCLUS) JSC00440
C NCOV = NCHAN*(NCHAN+1)/2 JSC00450
C DO 20 J=1,NCLUS JSC00460
C 20 READ(20,END=210) NPTS(J),(COVAR(I,J),I=1,NCOV),
C 1 (AVER(I,J),I=1,NCHAN) JSC00470
C
C READ RUN NUMBER, FORMAT FLAG, AND WAVELENGTHS FROM FT05F001 JSC00480
C (USER PREPARED INPUT FILE) JSC00490
C
C BINFLG = 1 JSC00500
C READ(15,5000) RUNUM JSC00510
C 5000 FORMAT(1B) JSC00520
C READ(5,5010,END=230) FRQCAL(1,1),FRQCAL(2,1),ICHAR JSC00530
C IF(ICHAR .EQ. NCHAR) BINFLG = 0 JSC00540
C DO 30 J=2,NCHAN JSC00550
C 30 READ(5,5010,END=230) FRQCAL(1,J),FRQCAL(2,J) JSC00560
C 5010 FORMAT(2F5.2,1X,A4) JSC00570
C

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```

C WRITE PURDUE-LARSYS STATDECK
C
      KOUNT = 1
      WRITE (2, 2000) BINFLG,KOUNT
  2000 FORMAT ('LARSYS VERSION 3 STATISTICS FILE',T43,I2,T73,I8)
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1
      DO 40 I = 1, NCLUS
      WRITE (2, 2010) SUBNAM(I), KOUNT
  2010 FORMAT ('CLASS ', A4, T73, I8)
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1
      WRITE (2, 2020) RUNUM, I, NCLUS, KOUNT
  2020 FORMAT (I8, 13X, '9999 9999 9 9999 9999 9', I3, '/', I2, T73, I8)
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1
  40 CONTINUE
      WRITE (2, 2030) NCLUS, NCLUS, NCHAN, KOUNT
  2030 FORMAT (I5, 'CLASS', I5, 'FIELD', I5, 'CHANNELS', T73, I8)
      DO 50 I = 1, NCHAN
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1
      WRITE (2, 2040) CHAN(I), FROCAL(1,I), FRQCAL(2,I),KOUNT
  2040 FORMAT ('CHAN', I3, 'WAVELENGTH', F5.2, ' ', F5.2,
     1 ' CODE 1 C0 0.0 C1 0.0 C2 0.0', T73,I8)
  50 CONTINUE
      DO 60 I = 1, NCLUS, 7
      J = I + 6
      IF (J .GT. NCLUS) J = NCLUS
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1
      WRITE (2, 2050) KOUNT, (NPTS(II), II = I, J)
  2050 FORMAT (T73, I8, T1, 'NO. PTS.', 7I9)
  60 CONTINUE
C MEAN VECTORS
C
      IF (BINFLG.NE.0) INT = 17
      IF (BINFLG.EQ.0) INT = 5
      DO 80 J=1,NCLUS
      DO 80 II=1,NCHAN,INT
      K = II+INT-1
      IF (K.GT.NCHAN) K = NCHAN
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1
      IF (BINFLG.EQ.0) WRITE (2,2060) KOUNT,(AVER(KK,J),KK=II,K)
  2060 IF (BINFLG.NE.0) WRITE (2,2070) KOUNT,(AVER(KK,J),KK=II,K)
  2070 FORMAT (T73,I8,T1,'MN',5E14.7)
  2080 FORMAT (T73,I8,T1,'MN',17A4)
  80 CONTINUE
C COVARIANCE MATRIX
C
      DO 90 J=1,NCLUS
      DO 90 II=1,NCOV,INT
      K = II+INT-1
      IF (K.GT.NCOV) K=NCOV
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1
      IF (BINFLG.EQ.0) WRITE (2,2080) KOUNT,(COVAR(KK,J),KK=II,K)
  2090 IF (BINFLG.NE.0) WRITE (2,2090) KOUNT,(COVAR(KK,J),KK=II,K)
  2080 FORMAT (T73,I8,T1,'CV',5E14.7)
  2090 FORMAT (T73,I8,T1,'CV',17A4)
  90 CONTINUE
C WRITE THE END-OF-STAT-DECK RECORD
C
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1
      WRITE (2,2100) KOUNT
  2100 FORMAT ('EOS',T16,'***** LAST CARD OF STATISTICS DECK ', I,
     1 '*****',T73,I8)
      STOP
C ERROR STOPS
C
  200 WRITE(16,6000)
  6000 FORMAT(' EMPTY FILE, UNIT 1, SHOULD CONTAIN EOD-LARSYS STATDECK')
      STOP
  210 WRITE(16,6010)
  6010 FORMAT(' UNEXPECTED END-OF-FILE, CHECK EOD-LARSYS STATDECK')
      STOP
  220 WRITE(16,6020)
  6020 FORMAT(' EMPTY INPUT FILE, UNIT 5, SHOULD CONTAIN WAVELENGTHS')
      STOP
  230 WRITE(16,6030) NCHAN

```

FILE: JSCLARSS FORTRAN E1

CONVERSATIONAL MONITOR SYSTEM

6030 FORMAT(' UNEXPECTED EOF, UNIT 5, SHOULD CONTAIN WAVELENGTHS FOR', JSC01590
1 I3,' CHANNELS') JSC01600
STOP JSC01610
END JSC01620

FILE: LARSJSCR EXEC E1

CONVERSATIONAL MONITOR SYSTEM

```
* LARSJSCR - FORTRAN PROGRAM TO CONVERT PURDUE-LARSLIB RESULTS FILE
* TO EOD-LARSLIB FORMAT.
*
&CONTROL_ERROR
&IF &INDEX LT 3 &GOTO -ERROR
GLOBAL TXTLIB FORTMOD2 CMSLIB
GETDISK LARSLIB 29C
&ERROR &EXIT
GETDISK TEMP 25CYL CLEAR
&ERROR &EXIT
&FNL = &2 - 1
TAPMOUNT &1 TAPI RC
&ERROR &EXIT
TAPE FSF &FNL
&S1 = &1
&LEN1 = &LENGTH &1
&IF &LEN1 = 3 &S1 = &CONCAT 0 &1
&IF &LEN1 = 2 &S1 = &CONCAT 00 &1
&S2 = &2
&LEN2 = &LENGTH &2
&IF &LEN2 = 1 &S2 = &CONCAT 0 &2
&STACK &S1 &S2
FI 12 TAPI (RECFM VS BLOCK 1500 LRECL 1500
FI 2 DISK FILE FT02F001 D4 (RECFM VS BLOCK 320 LRECL 320
FI 15 TERMINAL
FI 6 PRINTER (RECFM FA PERM
LOAD LARSJSCR (NOMAP
START
DET 1B1
&ERROR &EXIT &RETCODE
&REGTYPE
EXECUTION COMPLETE.
&END
&IF &INDEX LT 4 GO TO -NEXT
BACKUP &3 D (FILE &4
&EXIT
-NEXT
BACKUP &3 D
&EXIT
-ERROR
&REGTYPE
PLEASE TRY AGAIN, REMEMBER TO INCLUDE ARGUMENTS FOR
    1. PURDUE-LARSLIB RESULTS FILE TAPE NUMBER
    2. PURDUE-LARSLIB RESULTS FILE FILE NUMBER
    3. EOD-LARSLIB RESULTS FILE, BACKUP TAPE NUMBER
    4. EOD-LARSLIB RESULTS FILE, BACKUP TAPE FILE NUMBER
ARGUMENT 4 IS OPTIONAL. IF OMITTED, THE NEXT AVAILABLE FILE
WILL BE USED.
&END
```

```

C***** **** LARSJSCR **** **** LAR00010
C   *** LARSJSCR *** **** LAR00020
C   PROGRAM TO CONVERT A PURDUE-LARSSYS RESULTS FILE TO AN EOD-LARSSYS **** LAR00030
C   RESULTS FILE. **** LAR00040
C   SEE THE LARSSYS SYSTEM MANUAL, PAGE 5-33, FOR A DESCRIPTION OF A **** LAR00050
C   LARSSYS CLASSIFICATION RESULTS FILE. **** LAR00060
C   SEE EOD-LARSSYS USER DOCUMENTATION MANUAL, APPENDIX C, FOR A **** LAR00070
C   DESCRIPTION OF AN EOD RESULTS FILE. **** LAR00080
C   WRITTEN APRIL 1979 BY CAROL JOBUSCH **** LAR00090
C   INPUT FILES **** LAR00100
C     UNIT 12. PURDUE-LARSSYS RESULTS FILE (TAPE) **** LAR00110
C     UNIT 15. TERMINAL (READS STACKED INFORMATION PROVIDED BY **** LAR00120
C               THE EXEC TO CHECK THAT THE CORRECT TAPE WAS MOUNTED) **** LAR00130
C   OUTPUT FILES **** LAR00140
C     UNIT 2. EOD-LARSSYS RESULTS FILE (TEMP DISK) **** LAR00150
C     UNIT 16. TERMINAL - ERROR MESSAGES **** LAR00160
C***** **** IMPLICIT INTEGER*4(A-Z) **** LAR00170
C   ASSUME A MAXIMUM OF 16 CHANNELS IN CLASSIFICATION. IF YOU HAVE MORE, **** LAR00180
C   CHANGE 16 TO 30 AND 136 TO 465 IN THE REAL*4 STATEMENT BELOW. **** LAR00190
C   ASSUME A MAXIMUM OF 200 POINTS PER LINE. IF THERE ARE MORE, **** LAR00200
C   INCREASE THE SIZE OF LLINE AND PLINE. **** LAR00210
C
C   REAL*4 AVFRL(16,60),COVARL(136,60),AVERP(16,60),COVARP(136,60) **** LAR00220
C   REAL*4 RLONE **** LAR00230
C   INTEGER*4 CHAN4(24),PLINE(200) **** LAR00240
C   INTEGER*2 CHAN2(24),LLINE(200) **** LAR00250
C   INTEGER*4 SUBNAM(60),CLSNAM(60),SRSBNM(60),NPTS(60),NSUBCL(60), **** LAR00260
C   * CHAN(30),CLASNO(60) **** LAR00270
C   INTEGER*2 CLNM2(120),SUB2(120),INDX(60),IFLAG(60) **** LAR00280
C   LOGICAL*1 NAME1(4),CHAR(12) **** LAR00290
C   EQUIVALENCE (NAME,NAME1(1)),(SUBNAM(1),SUB2(1)), **** LAR00300
C   * (CLSNAM(1),CLNM2(1)),(CTEST,CHAR(1)) **** LAR00310
C   DATA LARS,CLAS,BLANK,FLDNAM/'LARS','CLAS',' ','AREA'/ **** LAR00320
C   DATA RLONE,ZERO,ONE,FIVE/1.0,0,1,5/ **** LAR00330
C   DATA EOS/*EOS*/ **** LAR00340
C   DATA PLINE/200*0/ **** LAR00350
C
C   READ FIRST PART OF LARSSYS RESULTS FILE **** LAR00360
C
C   PURDUE-LARSSYS RECORD TYPE 1 **** LAR00370
C
C   READ(15,1500) TAPENO,FILENO **** LAR00380
C   1500 FORMAT(I4,I3) **** LAR00390
C   READ(12) TYPE,TR,LTAPE,LFILE,DUMMY,DUMMY2,SERIAL **** LAR00400
C   IF(TAPENO.EQ.LTAPE) GO TO 1 **** LAR00410
C   WRITE(16,1600) LTAPE,TAPENO **** LAR00420
C   1600 FORMAT('WRONG TAPE MOUNTED',I5,' INSTEAD OF',I5) **** LAR00430
C   STOP **** LAR00440
C   1 IF(FILENO.EQ.LFILE) GO TO 2 **** LAR00450
C   WRITE(16,1610) LFILE,FILENO **** LAR00460
C   1610 FORMAT('TAPE IS POSITIONED AT WRONG FILE',I3,' INSTEAD OF',I3) **** LAR00470
C   STOP **** LAR00480
C   2 READ(12) TYPE,TR,NCLASC,NCHAN,NTRFLD,NPOOLS, **** LAR00490
C   * (CHAN2(I),I=1,NCHAN) **** LAR00500
C   IF(NCLASC.EQ.NPOOLS) GO TO 3 **** LAR00510
C   WRITE(16,1620) **** LAR00520
C   1620 FORMAT('PURDUE-LARSSYS CLASSIFICATION USED POOLING - ',I3) **** LAR00530
C   * ' CONVERSION NOT POSSIBLE' **** LAR00540
C   STOP **** LAR00550
C   3 NCOVC = NCHAN*(NCHAN+1)/2 **** LAR00560
C   DO 4 I=1,NCHAN **** LAR00570
C   4 CHAN4(I) = CHAN2(I) **** LAR00580
C
C   READ PURDUE-LARSSYS STATDECK (RECORD TYPE 3 OF RESULTS FILE) **** LAR00590
C
C   K = 0 **** LAR00600
C   READ(12,100) NAME,BINFLG **** LAR00610

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100 FORMAT(8X,A4,39X,I1) LAR00800
    IF(NAME.EQ.'LARS') GO TO 5 LAR00810
    WRITE(16,1625) LAR00820
1625  FORMAT(' DID NOT FIND EXPECTED PURDUE-LARSSYS STATDECK') LAR00830
      STOP LAR00840
C LAR00850
C READ CLASS CARDS LAR00860
C LAR00870
  5 READ(12,110) ICLAS,CHAR LAR00880
110 FORMAT(8X,A4,2X,12A1) LAR00890
    IF(ICLAS.EQ.'CLAS') GO TO 8 LAR00900
    IF(CTEST.EQ.'CLAS') GO TO 25 LAR00910
    GO TO 5 LAR00920
    8 NAME = BLANK LAR00930
    DO 10 I=1,12 LAR00940
      NAME1(I) = CHAR(I) LAR00950
    IF(NAME.NE.'BLANK') GO TO 15 LAR00960
10 CONTINUE LAR00970
15 DO 20 J=2,4 LAR00980
20 NAME1(J) = CHAR(I-1+J) LAR00990
    K = K+1 LAR01000
    SUBNAM(K) = NAME LAR01010
    GO TO 5 LAR01020
C LAR01030
C READ REST OF PURDUE-LARSSYS STATDECK LAR01040
C LAR01050
  25 BACKSPACE 12 LAR01060
  READ(12,120) NCLUS,NCHAN LAR01070
120 FORMAT(8X,I5,17X,I5) LAR01080
  DO 30 I=1,NCHAN LAR01090
30  READ(12,130) CHAN(I) LAR01100
130 FORMAT(8X,5X,I2) LAR01110
  NCOV = NCHAN*(NCHAN+1)/2 LAR01120
  DO 35 I = 1, NCLUS, 7 LAR01130
    J = I + 6 LAR01140
    IF (J .GT. NCLUS) J = NCLUS LAR01150
    READ(12, 140) (NPTS(II), II = I, J) LAR01160
140 FORMAT(8X,8X,7I9) LAR01170
  35 CONTINUE LAR01180
C LAR01190
C SKIP OVER MEANS AND COVARIANCE MATRICES LAR01200
C LAR01210
  INT = 17 LAR01220
  IF (BINFLG.EQ.0) INT = 5 LAR01230
  NCARDS = NCLUS*(1 + (NCHAN-1)/INT) LAR01240
  DO 40 I=1,NCARDS LAR01250
  READ(12) DUMMY LAR01260
40 CONTINUE LAR01270
  NCARDS = NCLUS*(1 + (NCOV-1)/INT) LAR01280
  DO 50 I=1,NCARDS LAR01290
  READ(12) DUMMY LAR01300
50 CONTINUE LAR01310
  READ(12,150) ENDFLG LAR01320
150 FORMAT(8X,A4) LAR01330
  IF(ENDFLG.EQ.'EOS') GO TO 55 LAR01340
    WRITE(16,1635) LAR01350
1635  FORMAT(' DID NOT FIND EXPECTED EOS-LARSSYS STATDECK') LAR01360
      STOP LAR01370
C LAR01380
C DETERMINE CLASS-SUBCLASS STRUCTURE FOR EOS-LARSSYS LAR01390
C BASED ON THE FIRST TWO CHARACTERS OF THE PURDUE-LARSSYS CLASS NAMES LAR01400
C LAR01410
  55 DO 60 I=1,NCLUS LAR01420
    IFLAG(I) = 0 LAR01430
60  INDX(I) = 0 LAR01440
    NCLAS = 0 LAR01450
    K = 0 LAR01460
    DO 70 I=1,NCLUS LAR01470
    IF(IFLAG(I).NE.0) GO TO 70 LAR01480
    NCLAS = NCLAS + 1 LAR01490
    K = K+1 LAR01500
    SRSRNM(K) = SUBNAM(I) LAR01510
    CLASNO(K) = NCLAS LAR01520
    CLSNAM(NCLAS) = BLANK LAR01530
    CLNM2(2*NCLAS-1) = SUB2(2*I-1) LAR01540
    NSUBCL(NCLAS) = 1 LAR01550
    IFLAG(I) = 1 LAR01560
    INDX(K) = I LAR01570
LAR01580

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```

IF(K .EQ. NCLUS) GO TO 75
IPI = I+1
DO 65 J=IPI,NCLUS
IF(IFLAG(J) .NE. 0) GO TO 65
IF(SUB2(2*j-i) .NE. CLNM2(2*NCLAS-1)) GO TO 65
K = K+1
NSUHCL(NCLAS) = NSUBCL(NCLAS) + 1
SPSBNM(K) = SUBNAM(J)
CLASNO(K) = NCLAS
IFLAG(J) = 1
INDX(K) = J
65 CONTINUE
70 CONTINUE
C READ PURDUE-LARSSYS RECORD TYPE 4
C
75 CONTINUE
*   READ(12) TYPE,TB,((COVARM(I,J),I=1,NCOVC),J=1,NCLASC),
*             ((AVERL(I,J),I=1,NCHANC),J=1,NCLASC)
C REORDER MEANS AND COVARIANCE MATRICES TO THE ORDER IN WHICH
C EOD-LARSSYS LIKES TO HAVE THEM
C
DO 85 J=1,NCLASC
K = INDX(J)
DO 80 I=1,NCOVC
80 COVARM(I,J) = COVARM(I,K)
DO 85 I=1,NCHANC
85 AVERP(I,J) = AVERL(I,K)
C READ PURDUE-LARSSYS RECORD TYPE 5
C
*   READ(12) TYPE,TB,PTS,LINES,RUNNO,FLDNAM,DUMMY,
*             LINSRT,LINSTP,LININT,COLSRT,COLSTP,COLINT
C WRITE EOD-LARSSYS HEADER INFORMATION
C HEADER RECORD 1
C
*   WRITE(2) BLANK,BLANK,ZERO,ZERO,ZERO,NCLAS,ONE,
*             * NCLUS,NCHANC,FIVE,NCLAS,NCOVC,(CHAN4(I),I=1,NCHANC)
C EOD-LARSSYS HEADER RECORD 2
C
*   WRITE(2) (CLSNAM(I),I=1,NCLAS),(CLSNAM(I),I=1,NCLAS),
*             *(NSUBCL(I),I=1,NCLAS),(SRSBNM(I),I=1,NCLUS),FLDNAM,
*             * ONE,ZERO,FIVE,COLSRT,LINSRT,COLSTP,LINSRT,COLSTP,LINSTP,
*             * COLSRT,LINSTP,COLSRT,LINSRT,(CLASNO(I),I=1,NCLUS),
*             *(CLASNO(I),I=1,NCLUS),(I,I=1,NCLAS),(NPTS(I),I=1,NCLUS)
C EOD-LARSSYS HEADER RECORD 3
C
*   WRITE(2) ((COVARM(I,J),I=1,NCOVC),J=1,NCLASC),
*             ((AVERP(I,J),I=1,NCHANC),J=1,NCLASC)
C EOD-LARSSYS HEADER RECORD 4 - USE DUMMY VALUES
C
*   WRITE(2) ((COVARM(I,J),I=1,NCOVC),J=1,NCLASC),
*             *(RLONE,PNONE,I=1,NCLASC)
C EOD-LARSSYS FIELD HEADER RECORD
C
*   WRITE(2) LINSRT,LINSTP,LININT,COLSRT,COLSTP,COLINT,PTS,
*             * LINES,FLDNAM,FIVE,COLSRT,LINSRT,COLSTP,LINSRT,COLSTP,LINSTP,
*             * COLSRT,LINSTP,COLSRT,LINSRT
C READ, CONVERT, AND WRITE DATA RECORDS
C
DO 90 NL=1,LINES
READ(12) TYPE,TB,ILINE,(LLINE(I),I=1,PTS)
CALL MOVRYT(LLINE,1,2,PLINE,3,4,PTS)
WRITE(2) ILINE,(PLINE(I),I=1,PTS),(RLONE,I=1,PTS)
90 CONTINUE
C WRITE END-OF-FIELD RECORD
C
*   WRITE(2) ZERO,(PLINE(I),I=1,PTS),(ZERO,I=1,PTS)
C WRITE END-OF-RUN RECORD

```

FILE: LARSJSCR FORTRAN E1

CONVERSATIONAL MONITOR SYSTEM

C
 WRITE(2) (ZERO,I=1,20)
 END FILE 2
 STOP
 END

LAR02380
LAR02390
LAR02400
LAR02410
LAR02420

FILE: JSCLARS R EXEC E1

CONVERSATIONAL MONITOR SYSTEM

```
* JSCLARS R - FORTRAN PROGRAM TO CONVERT EOD-LARSSYS RESULTS FILE
* TO PURDUE-LARSSYS FORMAT.
*
&CONTROL OFF
&IF &INDEX LT 4 &GOTO -ERROR
GLOBAL TXTLIB FORTMOD2 CMSLIB
GETDISK LARSLIB 29C
&ERROR &EXIT
&FNL = &3 - 1
TAPMOUNT &2 TAPI RI
&ERROR &EXIT
TAPE FSF &FNL
&S2 = &2
&LEN2 = &LENGTH &2
&IF &LEN2 = 3 &S2 = &CONCAT 0 &2
&IF &LEN2 = 2 &S2 = &CONCAT 00 &2
&S3 = &3
&LEN3 = &LENGTH &3
&IF &LEN3 = 1 &S3 = &CONCAT 0 &3
&STACK &4
&STACK &S2 &S3
FI 2 DISK &1 FT02F001 D4 (RECFM VS BLOCK 320 LRECL 320
FI 5 DISK WAVE LENGTHS E
&IF &INDEX = 6 FI 5 DISK &5 &6 A
FI 12 TAPI (RECFM VS BLOCK 1500 LRECL 1492
FI 15 TERMINAL
FI 6 PRINTER (RECFM FA PERM
LOAD JSCLARS R (NOMAP
START
DET 181
&ERROR &EXIT &RETCODE
&BEGTYPE
EXECUTION COMPLETE.
SEND
&EXIT
-ERROR
&REGTYPE
PLEASE TRY AGAIN. REMEMBER TO INCLUDE ARGUMENTS FOR
1. EOD-LARSSYS RESULTS FILE NAME (ASSUMED TO BE ON
   A TEMP 'D' DISK WITH FILETYPE = FT02F001)
2. PURDUE-LARSSYS RESULTS FILE TAPE-NUMBER
3. PURDUE-LARSSYS RESULTS FILE FILE-NUMBER
4. PURDUE-LARSSYS RUN NUMBER
5. (OPTIONAL) WAVELENGTH INFO FILE NAME
6. (OPTIONAL) WAVELENGTH INFO FILE TYPE
&END
```

```

***** **** JSC00010
C   *** JSCLARS R ***
C   **** JSC00020
C   PROGRAM TO CONVERT AN EOD-LARSSYS RESULTS FILE TO A PURDUE-LARSSYS
C   RESULTS FILE. **** JSC00030
C   **** JSC00040
C   SEE THE LARSSYS SYSTEM MANUAL, PAGE 5-33, FOR A DESCRIPTION OF A
C   LARSSYS CLASSIFICATION RESULTS FILE. **** JSC00050
C   SEE EOD-LARSSYS USER DOCUMENTATION MANUAL, APPENDIX C, FOR A
C   DESCRIPTION OF AN EOD RESULTS FILE. **** JSC00060
C   **** JSC00070
C   WRITTEN MAY 1979 BY CAROL JOBUSCH **** JSC00080
C   **** JSC00090
C   INPUT FILES **** JSC00100
C     UNIT 2. EOD-LARSSYS RESULTS FILE (TEMP DISK) **** JSC00110
C     UNIT 5. WAVE LENGTH INFO FILE **** JSC00120
C     UNIT 15. TERMINAL (READS STACKED INFORMATION PROVIDED BY
C               EXEC FOR RUN-NUMBER, TAPE AND FILE NUMBERS.) **** JSC00130
C   **** JSC00140
C   OUTPUT FILES **** JSC00150
C     UNIT 12. PURDUE-LARSSYS RESULTS FILE (TAPE) **** JSC00160
C     UNIT 16. TERMINAL - ERROR MESSAGES **** JSC00170
C   **** JSC00180
C   **** JSC00190
C   **** JSC00200
C   IMPLICIT INTEGER*4(A-Z) **** JSC00210
C   **** JSC00220
C   **** JSC00230
C   **** JSC00240
C   **** JSC00250
C   **** JSC00260
C   **** JSC00270
C   ASSUME A MAXIMUM OF 16 CHANNELS IN CLASSIFICATION. IF YOU HAVE MORE,
C   CHANGE 16 TO 30 AND 136 TO 465 IN THE REAL*4 STATEMENT BELOW. **** JSC00280
C   **** JSC00290
C   ASSUME A MAXIMUM OF 200 POINTS PER LINE. IF THERE ARE MORE,
C   INCREASE THE SIZE OF LLINE AND PLINE. **** JSC00300
C   **** JSC00310
C   **** JSC00320
C   **** JSC00330
C   REAL*4 AVER(16,60),COVAR(136,60),LWAVE(30),UWAVE(30) **** JSC00340
C   REAL*4 ILWAVE(30),IUWAVE(30) **** JSC00350
C   INTEGER*4 PLINE(200),DATE(3),UNKNWN(4) **** JSC00360
C   INTEGER*2 CHAN2(30),LLINE(200),CALIB(30),POLPTR(2,60),POLSTK(60) **** JSC00370
C   INTEGER*2 ZERO2/0/ **** JSC00380
C   INTEGER*4 SUBNAM(60),CLSNAM(60),NPTS(60),NSUBCL(60), **** JSC00390
C     * CHAN(30),CLASNO(60) **** JSC00400
C     DATA ILWAVE,IUWAVE/30*0.0,30*0.0/
C     DATA ZERO,ONE,THREE/0,1,3/
C     DATA LLINE/200*0/
C     DATA UNKNWN/'NOT ','KNOW','N  ',' '
C     DATA CALIB/30*1/
C     DATA TIME/'9999'/
C     DATA BLANK//'
C   **** JSC00410
C   **** JSC00420
C   **** JSC00430
C   **** JSC00440
C   **** JSC00450
C   **** JSC00460
C   **** JSC00470
C   **** JSC00480
C   READ FIRST PART OF EOD-LARSSYS RESULTS FILE **** JSC00490
C   **** JSC00500
C   EOD-LARSSYS HEADER RECORD 1 **** JSC00510
C   **** JSC00520
C   **** JSC00530
C   READ(2, (DUMMY,I=1,5),NCLAS,NTRFLD,NCLUS,NCHAN,NTVERT,
C   * NCAT,NCOV,(CHAN(I),I=1,NCHAN) **** JSC00540
C   * IF(NCLAS .NE. NCAT) GO TO 300 **** JSC00550
C   NX = 4*NTRFLD **** JSC00560
C   NTV = 2*NTVERT **** JSC00570
C   **** JSC00580
C   READ EOD-LARSSYS HEADER RECORD 2 **** JSC00590
C   **** JSC00600
C   **** JSC00610
C   READ(2, (DUMMY,I=1,NCAT),(CLSNAM(I),I=1,NCLAS),
C   * (NSUBCL(I),I=1,NCLAS),(SUBNAM(I),I=1,NCLUS),
C   * (DUMMY,I=1,NX),(DUMMY,I=1,NTV),
C   * (DUMMY,I=1,NCLUS),(CLASNO(I),I=1,NCLUS),
C   * (DUMMY,I=1,NCLAS),(NPTS(I),I=1,NCLUS)) **** JSC00620
C   **** JSC00630
C   **** JSC00640
C   **** JSC00650
C   **** JSC00660
C   **** JSC00670
C   READ EOD-LARSSYS HEADER RECORD 3 **** JSC00680
C   **** JSC00690
C   READ(2, ((COVAR(I,J),I=1,NCOV),J=1,NCLUS),
C   * ((AVER(I,J),I=1,NCHAN),J=1,NCLUS)) **** JSC00700
C   **** JSC00710
C   READ EOD-LARSSYS HEADER RECORD 4 - INFO WILL NOT BE USED **** JSC00720
C   **** JSC00730
C   **** JSC00740
C   READ(2) DUMMY **** JSC00750
C   **** JSC00760
C   READ RUN-NUMBER, TAPE AND FILE NUMBERS FROM TERMINAL
C   ALSO, READ WAVELENGTHS FROM FT05F001. **** JSC00770
C   **** JSC00780
C   **** JSC00790

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      READ(15,1500) RUNUM          JSC00800
1500  FORMAT(18)                JSC00810
      READ(15,1510) TAPENO,FILENO JSC00820
1510  FORMAT(14,I3)              JSC00830
      READ(5,5000,END=310) LWAVE(1),UWAVE(1),MSITAP,MSIFIL JSC00840
      DO 5 J=2,NCHAN              JSC00850
      5 READ(5,5000,END=310) LWAVE(J),UWAVE(J)
5000  FORMAT(2F5.0,5X,I4,1X,I2) JSC00860
C
C PREPARE TO WRITE PURDUE-LARSSYS HEADER RECORDS JSC00870
C
      DO 10 I=1,NCHAN            JSC00880
10    CHAN2(I) = CHAN(I)        JSC00890
      CALL GTSERL(SERIAL)        JSC00900
      CALL GTDATR(DATE)          JSC00910
      DO 15 J=1,NCLUS             JSC00920
      POLPTR(1,J) = 1             JSC00930
      POLPTR(2,J) = J             JSC00940
15    POLSTK(J) = J             JSC00950
C
C WRITE PURDUE-LARSSYS RECORD TYPE 1 JSC00960
C
      *           WRITE(12) ONE,ZERO,TAPENO,FILENO,THREE,ZERO,SERIAL,ONE,
      *           (ZERO,I=1,6) JSC00970
C
C WRITE RECORD TYPE 2 JSC00980
C
      TYPE = 2                   JSC00990
      WRITE(12) TYPE,ZERO,NCLUS,NCHAN,NTRFLD,NCLUS,
      *           (CHAN2(I),I=1,NCHAN),(CALIB(I),I=1,NCHAN),
      *           (LWAVE(I),I=1,NCHAN),(UWAVE(I),I=1,NCHAN),
      *           (SUBNAM(I),BLANK,I=1,NCLUS),((POLPTR(I,J),I=1,2),J=1,NCLUS),
      *           (POLSTK(I),I=1,NCLUS),(ZEP0,I=1,NCLUS),DATE,BLANK,BLANK JSC01000
C
C WRITE RECORD TYPE 3 - COPY OF PURDUE-LARSSYS STATDECK JSC01010
C
      TYPE = 3                   JSC01020
      BINFLG = 1                 JSC01030
      KOUNT = 1                  JSC01040
      WRITE(12, 2000) TYPE,ZERO, (BLANK,I=1,7),KOUNT JSC01050
2000  FORMAT(2A4,'LARSSYS VERSION 3 STATISTICS FILE' 1",
      *           7A4,I8) JSC01060
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1          JSC01070
      DO 40 I = 1, NCLUS          JSC01080
      WRITE(12, 2010) TYPE,ZERO, SUBNAM(I), KOUNT JSC01090
2010  FORMAT(2A4,'CLASS' , A4, T81, I8) JSC01100
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1          JSC01110
      WRITE(12, 2020) TYPE,ZERO, RUNUM, I, NCLUS, KOUNT JSC01120
2020  FORMAT(2A4,I8, 13X, '9999 9999 9 9999 9999 91, I3, '/',
      1I2, T81, I8) JSC01130
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1          JSC01140
40    CONTINUE                  JSC01150
      WRITE(12, 2030) TYPE,ZERO, NCLUS, NCLUS, NCHAN, KOUNT JSC01160
2030  FORMAT(2A4,I5, ' CLASS', I5, ' FIELD', I5, ' CHANNELS', T81, I8) JSC01170
      DO 50 I = 1, NCHAN          JSC01180
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1          JSC01190
      WRITE(12, 2040) TYPE,ZERO, CHAN(I), LWAVE(I), UWAVE(I),KOUNT JSC01200
2040  FORMAT(2A4,'CHAN', I3, ' WAVELENGTH', F5.2, '- ', F5.2,
      1 ' CODE' 1 CO 0.0 C1 0.0 C2 0.0',T81,I8) JSC01210
      50 CONTINUE                  JSC01220
      DO 60 I = 1, NCLUS, 7       JSC01230
      J = I + 6                  JSC01240
      IF (J .GT. NCLUS) J = NCLUS JSC01250
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1          JSC01260
      WRITE(12, 2050) TYPE,ZERO, KOUNT, (NPTS(II), II = I, J) JSC01270
2050  FORMAT(2A4,T81, I8, T9, 'NO. PTS.', 7I9) JSC01280
      60 CONTINUE                  JSC01290
C
C MEAN VECTORS JSC01300
C
      IF (BINFLG.NE.0) INT = 17 JSC01310
      IF (RINFLG.EQ.0) INT = 5 JSC01320
      DO 80 J=1,NCLUS             JSC01330
      DO 80 II=1,NCHAN,INT       JSC01340
      K = II+INT-1               JSC01350
      IF (K.GT.NCHAN) K = NCHAN JSC01360
      KOUNT = KOUNT + 1          JSC01370
      IF(BINFLG.EQ.0)WRITE(12,2060)TYPE,ZERO,KOUNT,(AVER(KK,J),KK=II,K) JSC01380
      IF(BINFLG.NE.0)WRITE(12,2070)TYPE,ZERO,KOUNT,(AVER(KK,J).KK=II,K) JSC01390

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2060 FORMAT (2A4,T81,I8,T9,'MN',5E14.7) JSC01590
2070 FORMAT (2A4,T81,I8,T9,'MN',17A4) JSC01600
   80 CONTINUE JSC01610
C JSC01620
C COVARIANCE MATRIX JSC01630
C JSC01640
   DO 90 J=1,NCLUS JSC01650
   DO 90 II=1,NCOV,INT JSC01660
   K = II+INT-1 JSC01670
   IF (K.GT.NCOV) K=NCOV JSC01680
   KOUNT = KOUNT + 1 JSC01690
   IF (BINFLG.EQ.0) WRITE(12,2090) TYPE,ZERO,KOUNT,(COVAR(KK,J),KK=II,K) JSC01700
   IF (BINFLG.NE.0) WRITE(12,2090) TYPE,ZERO,KOUNT,(COVAR(KK,J),KK=II,K) JSC01710
2080 FORMAT (2A4,T81,I8,T9,'CV',5E14.7) JSC01720
2090 FORMAT (2A4,T81,I8,T9,'CV',17A4) JSC01730
   90 CONTINUE JSC01740
C JSC01750
C WRITE THE END-OF-STAT-DECK RECORD JSC01760
C JSC01770
   KOUNT = KOUNT + 1 JSC01780
   WRITE(12,2100) TYPE,ZERO, KOUNT JSC01790
2100 FORMAT (2A4,'EOS',T24,'***** LAST CARD OF STATISTICS DECK ',1, JSC01800
   '*****',T81,I8) JSC01810
C JSC01820
C WRITE PURDUE-LARSSYS RECORD TYPE 4 JSC01830
C JSC01840
   TYPE = 4 JSC01850
   WRITE(12) TYPE,ZERO,((COVAR(I,J),I=1,NCOV),J=1,NCLUS), JSC01860
   * ((AVER(I,J),I=1,NCHAN),J=1,NCLUS) JSC01870
   AREANO = 1 JSC01880
   LCHAN = CHAN(NCHAN) JSC01890
   DO 92 I=1,NCHAN JSC01900
   J = CHAN(I) JSC01910
   ILWAVE(J) = LWAVE(I) JSC01920
   92 IUWAVE(J) = UWAVE(I) JSC01930
C JSC01940
C READ EOD-LARSSYS FIELD HEADER RECORD JSC01950
C JSC01960
   95 READ(2) LINSRT,LINSTP,LININT,COLSRT,COLSTP,COLINT, JSC01970
   * PTS,_LINES,FLDNAM JSC01980
   IF (PTS .EQ. 0) GO TO 110 JSC01990
C JSC02000
C WRITE RECORD TYPE 5 JSC02010
C JSC02020
   TYPE = 5 JSC02030
   ALT = 999999 JSC02040
   GDHEAD = 99 JSC02050
   N99 = 99 JSC02060
   N30 = 30 JSC02070
   WRITE(12) TYPE,AREANO,PTS,_LINES,RUNUM,FLDNAM,BLANK,LINSRT,LINSTP, JSC02080
   * LININT,COLSRT,COLSTP,COLINT,(BLANK,I=1,8),MSITAP,MSIFIL, JSC02090
   * RUNUM,ZERO,N30,PTS,(UNKWN(I),I=1,4),ONE,ONE,N99, JSC02100
   * TIME,ALT,GDHEAD,(UNKWN(I),I=1,3),_LINES,(ZERO,I=1,30), JSC02110
   * (ILWAVE(I),IUWAVE(I),ZERO,ZERO,ZERO,I=1,30), JSC02120
   * (ZERO,I=1,90) JSC02130
C JSC02140
C READ, CONVERT, AND WRITE DATA RECORDS JSC02150
C JSC02160
   TYPE = 6 JSC02170
   DO 100 NL=1,_LINES JSC02180
   READ(2) ILINE,(PLINE(I),I=1,PTS) JSC02190
   CALL MOVBYT(PLINE,3,4,LLINE,1,2,PTS) JSC02200
   WRITE(12) TYPE,AREANO,ILINE,(LLINE(I),I=1,PTS) JSC02210
100 CONTINUE JSC02220
C JSC02230
C READ AND WRITE END-OF-FIELD RECORD JSC02240
C JSC02250
   READ(2) ILINE JSC02260
   IF (ILINE .NE. 0) GO TO 320 JSC02270
   TYPE = 7 JSC02280
   WRITE(12) TYPE,AREANO,ZERO,(ZERO2,I=1,PTS) JSC02290
   AREANO = AREANO + 1 JSC02300
   GO TO 95 JSC02310
C JSC02320
C WRITE RECORD TYPE 8 JSC02330
C JSC02340
   110 TYPE = 8 JSC02350
   WRITE(12) TYPE,ZERO,(ZERO,I=1,309) JSC02360
END FILE 12 JSC02370

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      STOP                                JSC02380
C  ERROR STOPS                         JSC02390
C
C  300  WRITE(16,1600)                   JSC02400
  1600 FORMAT('EOD-LARSSY HAS FEWER CATEGORIES THAN CLASSES - ',    JSC02410
           * 'CONVERSION NOT POSSIBLE')
      STOP                                JSC02420
C
C  310  WRITE(16,1610)                   JSC02430
  1610 FORMAT('UNEXPECTED EOF, UNIT 5, WAVELENGTH FILE')
      STOP                                JSC02440
C
C  320  WRITE(16,1620) ILINE            JSC02450
  1620 FORMAT('ERROR - END-OF-FIELD REC, ILINE =',I4)
      STOP                                JSC02460
C
C  END                                 JSC02470
                                         JSC02480
                                         JSC02490
                                         JSC02500
                                         JSC02510
                                         JSC02520
                                         JSC02530
                                         JSC02540
                                         JSC02550
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